

## Republic of the Philippines **DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT**

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# FREEDOM OF INFORMATION MANUAL



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## SECTION 1

## **OVERVIEW**

#### **PURPOSE**

The purpose of this FREEDOM OF INFORMATION (FOI) Manual is to guide and assist the DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT (DGWD) and the public in dealing with request of information received under Executive Order (E.O.) No. 02, Series of 2016, on Freedom of Information. (see Annex "B").

### STRUCTURE OF THE MANUAL

This Manual shall set out the rules and procedure to be followed by Del Gallego Water District (DGWD) when a request for access to information is received. The General Manager is responsible for all actions carried out under this FOI Manual and may delegate this responsibility to key personnel of Del Gallego Water District (DGWD) as may designated from time to time and as approved by the Board of Directors (BOD). The General Manager may likewise delegate specific officers to act as a Decision Makers (DMs), who shall have overall responsibility for the initial decision on FOI request, (e.i. to decide whether to release all the records, partially release the records or deny access).

#### **COVERAGE OF THE MANUAL**

The Manual shall cover all request for information directed to Del Gallego Water District (DGWD).

## FOI RECEIVING OFFICER

There shall be FOI Receiving Officer (FRO) designated at Del Gallego Water District office. The FOI Receiving Officer (FRO) shall preferably come from the Public Assistance or Information Office or its equivalent, of Del Gallego Water District.

The function of the FOI Receiving Officer (FRO) shall include receiving on behalf of Del Gallego Water District all request for information and forward the same to the appropriate office who has custody of the records; monitor all FOI requests and appeals; provide assistance to the FOI Decision Maker; provide assistance and support to the public and staff with regards to FOI; compile statistical information as required; and, conduct initial evaluation of the request and advise

the requesting party whether the request will be forwarded to the FOI Decision Maker for further evaluation, or denied based on any of the following grounds:

- a. That the form is incomplete; or
- b. That the information is already disclosed in Del Gallego Water District's Official Website, foi.gov.ph, or at data.gov.ph.

#### **FOI DECISION MAKER**

There shall be FOI Decision Maker (FDM), designated by the General Manager with a rank of not lower than a Division Manager or its equivalent, who shall conduct evaluation of the request for information and have the authority to grant the request, or deny it based on the following:

- a. The Del Gallego Water District does not have the information requested;
- b. The information requested contains sensitive personal information protected by the Data Privacy Act of 2012;
- c. The information requested falls under the list of exceptions to FOI; or
- d. The request is an unreasonable subsequent identical or substantially similar request from the same requesting party whose request has already been previously granted or denied by Del Gallego Water Disrtict (DGWD).

## FOI APPEALS AND REVIEW COMMITTEE

There shall be an FOI Appeals and Review Committee composed of three (3) personnel designated by the General Manager to review and analyze the grant or denial of request of information. The committee shall also provide expert advice to the General Manager on the denial of such request.

## APPROVAL AND DENIAL OF REQUEST TO INFORMATION

The Decision Maker shall approved or deny all request of information. In case where the Decision Maker is on leave, the General Manager may delegate such authority to the designated officer incharge of the unit.

## SECTION 2

## **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

**Consultation** – is a process when a government office locates a record that contains information of interest to another office or another person, it will ask for the views of that other agency on the disclosability of the records before any final determination is made.

**data.gov.ph** – an open data website that serves as the government's comprehensive portal for all public government data that is searchable, understandable and accessible.

**foi.gov.ph** – the website that serves as the government's comprehensive FOI website for all information on the FOI. Among many other features, eFOI.gov.ph provides a central resource for the public to understand the FOI, to locate records that are already available online, and to learn how to make a request for information that is not yet publicly available. foi.gov.ph also promotes agency accountability for the administration of the FOI by graphically displaying the detailed statistics contained in Annual FOI Reports, so that they can be compared by agency and over time.

**Exceptions** - information that should not be released and disclosed in response to an FOI request because they are protected by the Constitution, laws and jurisprudence.

**Freedom of Information (FOI)** – the Executive Branch recognizes the right of the people to information on matters of public concern, and adopts and implements a policy of full public disclosure of all its transactions involving public interest, subject to the procedures and limitations provided in Executive Order No. 2. This right is indispensable to the exercise of the right of the people and their organizations to effective and reasonable participation at all levels of social, political and economic decision-making.

**FOI Contact** – the name, address and phone number at each government office where you can make a FOI request.

**FOI Request** – a written request submitted to a government office personally or by email asking for records on any topic. A FOI request can generally be made by any Filipino to any government office.

**FOI Receiving Office** – the primary contact at each agency where the requesting party can call and ask questions about the FOI process or the pending FOI request.

**Frequently Requested Information** – information released in response to a FOI request that the agency determines have become or are likely to become the subject of subsequent requests for substantially the same records.

**Full Denial** – when the AGENCY or any of its office, bureau or agency cannot release any records in response to a FOI request, because, for example, the requested information is exempt from disclosure in its entirety or no records responsive to the request could be located.

**Full Grant** – when a government office is able to disclose all records in full in response to a FOI request.

**Information** – shall mean any records, documents, papers, reports, letters, contracts, minutes and transcripts of official meetings, maps, books, photographs, data, research materials, films, sound and video recording, magnetic or other tapes, electronic data, computer stored data, any other like or similar data or materials recorded, stored or archived in whatever format, whether offline or online, which are made, received, or kept in or under the control and custody of any government office pursuant to law, executive order, and rules and regulations or in connection with the performance or transaction of official business by any government office.

**Information for Disclosure** – information promoting the awareness and understanding of policies, programs, activities, rules or revisions affecting the public, government agencies, and the community and economy. It also includes information encouraging familiarity with the general operations, thrusts, and programs of the government. In line with the concept of proactive disclosure and open data, these types of information can already be posted to government websites, such as data.gov.ph, without need for written requests from the public.

**Multi-track Processing** – a system that divides incoming FOI requests according to their complexity so that simple requests requiring relatively minimal review are placed in one processing track and more complex requests are placed in one or more other tracks. Requests granted expedited processing are placed in yet another track. Requests in each track are processed on a first in/first out basis.

**Official Record/s** – shall refer to information produced or received by a public officer or employee, or by a government office in an official capacity or pursuant to a public function or duty.

**Open Data** – refers to publicly available data structured in a way that enables the data to be fully discoverable and usable by end users

**Partial Grant/Partial Denial** – when a government office is able to disclose portions of the records in response to a FOI request, but must deny other portions of the request.

**Pending Request or Pending Appeal** – an FOI request or administrative appeal for which a government office has not yet taken final action in all respects. It captures anything that is open at a given time including requests that are well within the statutory response time.

**Perfected Request** – a FOI request, which reasonably describes the records, sought and is made in accordance with the government office's regulations.

**Personal Information** – shall refer to any information, whether recorded in a material form or not, from which the identify of an individual is apparent or can be reasonably and directly ascertained by the entity holding the information, or when put together with other information would directly and certainly identify an individual.

**Proactive Disclosure** – information made publicly available by government agencies without waiting for a specific FOI request. Government agencies now post on their websites a vast amount of material concerning their functions and mission.

**Processed Request or Processed Appeal** – the number of requests or appeals where the agency has completed its work and sent a final response to the requester.

**Public Records** – shall include information required by laws, executive orders, rules, or regulations to be entered, kept, and made publicly available by a government office.

**Public Service Contractor** – shall be defined as a private entity that has dealing, contract, or a transaction of whatever form or kind with the government or a government agency or office that utilizes public funds. **Received Request or Received Appeal** – an FOI request or administrative appeal that an agency has received within a fiscal year.

**Referral** – a process when a government office locates a record that originated with, or is of otherwise primary interest to another agency, it will forward that record to the other agency to process the record and to provide the final determination directly to the requester.

**Sensitive Personal Information** – as defined in the Data Privacy Act of 2012, shall refer to personal information:

- 1. About an individual race, ethnic origin, marital status, age, color, and religious philosophical or political affiliations;
- 2. About an individual health, education, genetic or sexual life of a person, or to any proceedings for any offense committed or alleged to have committed by such person, the disposal of such proceedings or the sentence of any court in such proceedings;
- 3. Issued by government agencies peculiar to an individual which includes, but not limited to, social security numbers, previous or current health records, licenses or its denials, suspension or revocation, and tax returns; and
- 4. Specifically established by an executive order or an act of Congress to be kept classified.

**Simple Request** – an FOI request that an agency anticipates will involve a small volume of material or which it will be able to process relatively quickly.



## **PROMOTION OF OPENNESS**

## IN GOVERNMENT

#### **DUTY TO PUBLISH INFORMATION**

The Del Gallego Water District (DGWD) shall regularly publish, print and disseminate at no cost to the public and in an accessible form, in conjunction with Republic Act 9485, or the Anti-Red Tape Act of 2007, and through their website, timely, true, accurate and updated key information including, but not limited to:

- 1. A description of its mandate, structure, powers, functions, duties and decision-making processes;
- 2. A description of the frontline services it delivers and the procedure and length of time by which they may be availed of;
- 3. The names of its key officials, their powers, functions and responsibilities, and their profiles and curriculum vitae;
- 4. Work programs, development plans, investment plans, projects, performance targets and accomplishments, and budgets, revenue allotments and expenditures;
- 5. Important rules and regulations, orders or decisions;
- 6. Current and important database and statistics that it generates;
- 7. Bidding processes and requirements; and
- 8. Mechanisms or procedures by which the public may participate in or otherwise influence the formulation of policy or the exercise of its powers.

#### **ACCESSIBILITY OF LANGUAGE AND FORM**

The Del Gallego Water District (DGWD) shall endeavor to translate key information into major Filipino languages and present them in popular form and means.

#### **KEEPING OF RECORDS**

The Del Gallego Water District (DGWD) shall create and/or maintain in appropriate formats, accurate and reasonably complete documentation or records, policies, transactions, decisions, resolutions, enactments, actions, procedures, operations, activities, communications and documents received or filed with them and the data generated or collected.

SECTION 4

## **PROTECTION OF PRIVACY**

While providing for access to information, the DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT shall afford full protection to a person's right to privacy, as follows:

- 1. The DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT shall ensure that personal information, particularly sensitive personal information, in its custody or under its control is disclosed only as permitted by existing laws;
- 2. The DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT shall protect personal information in its custody or under its control by making reasonable security arrangements against unauthorized access, leaks or premature disclosure;
- The FRO, FDM, or any employee or official who has access, whether authorized or unauthorized, to personal information in the custody of the DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT, shall not disclose that information except as authorized by existing laws.



## STANDARD PROCEDURES

## 1. RECEIPT OF REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

- a. The FOI Receiving Officer (FRO) shall receive the request for information from the requesting party and check compliance of the following requirements:
  - The request must be in writing;
  - The request shall state the name and contact information of the requesting party, as well as provide valid proof of identification or authorization;
  - ➤ The request shall reasonably describe the information requested, and the reason for, or purpose of, the request for information. (See Annex "F") and
  - ➤ The request can be made through email, provided that the requesting party shall attach in the email a scanned copy of the FOI application request, and a copy of a duly recognized government ID with photo.
- b. In case the requesting party is unable to make a written request, because of illiteracy or due to being a person with disability, he or she may make an oral request, and the FRO shall reduce it in writing.
- c. The request shall be stamped received by the FRO, indicating the date and time of the receipt of the written request, and the name, rank, title and position of the public officer who actually received it, with a corresponding signature and a copy, furnished to the requesting party.
  - In case of email requests, the email shall be printed out and shall follow the procedure mentioned above, and be acknowledged by electronic mail. The FRO shall input the details of the request on the Request Tracking System and allocate a reference number.
- d. The DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT (DGWD) must respond to requests promptly, within fifteen (15) working days following the date of receipt of the request. A working day is any day other than

a Saturday, Sunday or a day which is declared a national public holiday in the Philippines. In computing for the period, Art. 13 of the New Civil Code shall be observed.

The date of receipt of the request will be either:

- The day on which the request is physically or electronically delivered to the government office, or directly into the email inbox of a member of staff; or
- ➤ If the government office has asked the requesting party for further details to identify and locate the requested information, the date on which the necessary clarification is received.

An exception to this will be where the request has been emailed to an absent member of staff, and this has generated an "out of office" message with instructions on how to re-direct the message to another contact. Where this is the case, the date of receipt will be the day the request arrives in the inbox of that contact.

Should the requested information need further details to identify or locate, then the fifteen (15) working days will commence the day after it receives the required clarification from the requesting party. If no clarification is received from the requesting party after sixty (60) calendar days, the request shall be closed.

### 2. INITIAL EVALUATION

After receipt of the request for information, the FRO shall evaluate the contents of the request.

- a. Request relating to more than one unit under the DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT: If a request for information is received which requires to be complied with by different units, the FRO shall forward such request to the units concerned and ensure that it is well coordinated and monitor its compliance. The FRO shall also clear with the respective units that they will only provide the specific information that relates to their offices.
- b. Requested information is not in the custody of the DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT or any of its units: If the requested information is not in the custody of the DEL GALLEGO WATER

DISTRICT or any of its offices, following referral and discussions with the FDM, the FRO shall undertake the following steps: If the records requested refer to another AGENCY, the request will be immediately transferred to such appropriate AGENCY through the most expeditious manner and the transferring office must inform the requesting party that the information is not held within the 15-working day limit. The 15-working day requirement for the receiving office commences the day after it receives the request. If the records refer to an office not within the coverage of E.O. No. 2, the requesting party shall be advised accordingly and provided with the contact details of that office, if known.

- c. Requested information is already posted and available online: Should the information being requested is already posted and publicly available in the DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT website/FBpages, data.gov.ph or foi.gov.ph, the FRO shall inform the requesting party of the said fact and provide them the website link where the information is posted.
- d. Requested information is substantially similar or identical to the previous request: Should the requested information be substantially similar or identical to a previous request by the same requester, the request shall be denied. However, the FRO shall inform the applicant of the reason of such denial.

## 3. TRANSMITTAL OF REQUEST BY THE FRO TO THE FDM

After receipt of the request for information, the FRO shall evaluate the information being requested, and notify the FDM of such request. The copy of the request shall be forwarded to such FDM within one (1) day from receipt of the written request. The FRO shall record the date, time and name of the FDM who received the request in a record book with the corresponding signature of acknowledgement of receipt of the request.

## 4. ROLE OF FDM IN PROCESSING THE REQUEST

Upon receipt of the request for information from the FRO, the FDM shall assess and clarify the request if necessary. He/She shall make all necessary steps to locate and retrieve the information requested. The FDM shall ensure that the complete information requested be submitted to the FRO within ten (10) days upon receipt of such request.

The FRO shall note the date and time of receipt of the information from the FDM and report to the General Manager or the designated officer, in case the submission is beyond the 10-day period. If the FDM needs further details to identify or locate the information, he/she shall, through the FRO, seek clarification from the requesting party. The clarification shall stop the running of the 15-working day period and will commence the day after it receives the required clarification from the requesting party.

If the FDM determines that a record contains information of interest to another office, the FDM shall consult with the agency concerned on the disclosability of the records before making any final determination.

## 5. ROLE OF FRO TO TRANSMIT THE INFORMATION TO THE REQUESTING PARTY

Upon receipt of the requested information from the FDM, the FRO shall collate and ensure that the information is complete. He/She shall attach a cover/transmittal letter signed by the General Manager or the designated officer and ensure the transmittal of such to the requesting party within fifteen (15) working days upon receipt of the request for information.

## 6. REQUEST FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME

If the information requested requires extensive search of the government's office records facilities, examination of voluminous records, the occurrence of fortuitous events or other analogous cases, the FDM should inform the FRO. The FRO shall inform the requesting party of the extension, setting forth the reasons for such extension. In no case shall the extension exceed twenty (20) working days on top of the mandated fifteen (15) working days to act on the request, unless exceptional circumstances warrant a longer period.

## 7. NOTICE TO THE REQUESTING PARTY OF THE APPROVAL/DENIAL OF THE REQUEST

Once the FDM approves or denies the request, he/she shall immediately notify the FRO who shall prepare the response to the requesting party either in writing or by email. All actions on FOI requests, whether approval or denial, shall pass through the General Manager or the designated officer for final approval.

## 8. APPROVAL OF REQUEST

In case of approval, the FRO shall ensure that all records that have been retrieved and considered be checked for possible exemptions, prior to actual release. The FRO shall prepare the letter or email informing the requesting party within the prescribed period that the request was granted and be directed to pay the applicable fees, if any.

## 9. DENIAL OF REQUEST

In case of denial of the request wholly or partially, the FRO shall, within the prescribed period, notify the requesting party of the denial in writing. The notice shall clearly set forth the ground or grounds for denial and the circumstances on which the denial is based. Failure to notify the requesting party of the action taken on the request within the period herein provided shall be deemed a denial of the request to information. All denials on FOI requests shall pass through the Office of the General Manager or to the designated officer.



## **REMEDIES IN CASE OF DENIAL**

A person whose request for access to information has been denied may avail himself of the remedy set forth below:

- 1. Administrative FOI Appeal to the FOI Appeals and Review Committee: Provided, that the written appeal must be filed by the same requesting party within fifteen (15) calendar days from the notice of denial or from the lapse of the period to respond to the request.
  - a. Denial of a request may be appealed by filing a written appeal to the DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT FOI Appeals and Review Committee within fifteen (15) calendar days from the notice of denial or from the lapse of the period to respond to the request.
  - b. The appeal shall be decided by the General Manager upon the recommendation of the FOI Appeals and Review Committee within thirty (30) working days from the filing of said written appeal. Failure to decide within the 30-day period shall be deemed a denial of the appeal.
- 2. Upon exhaustion of administrative FOI appeal remedies, the requesting party may file the appropriate judicial action in accordance with the Rules of Court.

**SECTION 7** 

## REQUEST TRACKING SYSTEM

The DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT (DGWD) shall establish a system to trace the status of all requests for information received by it, which may be paper-based, online or both.

## **SECTION 8**

## **FEES**

## 1. NO REQUEST FEE

The DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT shall not charge any fee for accepting requests for access to information.

## 2. REASONABLE COST OF REPRODUCTION AND COPYING OF THE INFORMATION

The FRO shall immediately notify the requesting party in case there shall be a reproduction and copying fee in order to provide the information. Such fee shall be the actual amount spent by the DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT in providing the information to the requesting party. The schedule of fees shall be posted by the DGWD.

#### 3. EXEMPTION OF FEES

The DEL GALLEGO WATER DISTRICT may exempt any requesting party from payment of fees, upon request stating the valid reason why such requesting party shall not pay the fee.



## **ADMINISTRATIVE LIABILITY**

## 1. NON-COMPLIANCE WITH FOI

Failure to comply with the provisions of this Manual shall be a ground for the following administrative penalties:

- a. 1st Offense Reprimand;
- b. 2nd Offense Suspension of one (1) to thirty (30) days; and
- c. 3rd Offense Dismissal from the service.

### 2. PROCEDURE

The Revised Rules on Administrative Cases in the Civil Service shall be applicable in the disposition of cases under this Manual.

## 3. PROVISIONS FOR MORE STRIGENT LAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS

Nothing in this Manual shall be construed to derogate from any law, rules, or regulation prescribed by anybody or agency, which provides for more stringent penalties.

## ANNEX "A"

## FOI FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

#### **INTRODUCTION TO FOI**

#### 1. What is FOI?

Freedom of Information (FOI) is the government's response to the call for transparency and full public disclosure of information. FOI is a government mechanism which allows Filipino citizens to request any information about the government transactions and operations, provided that it shall not put into jeopardy privacy and matters of national security.

The FOI mechanism for the Executive Branch is enabled via Executive Order No. 2, series of 2016.

### 2. What is Executive Order No. 2 S. 2016?

Executive Order No. 2 is the enabling order for FOI. EO 2 operationalizes in the Executive Branch the People's Constitutional right to information. EO 2 also provides the State policies to full public disclosure and transparency in the public service.

EO 2 was signed by President Rodrigo Roa Duterte on July 23, 2016.

## 3. Who oversees the implementation of EO 2?

The Presidential Communications Operations Office (PCOO) oversees the operation of the FOI program. PCOO serves as the coordinator of all government agencies to ensure that the FOI program is properly implemented.

## **MAKING A REQUEST**

## 4. Who can make an FOI request?

Any Filipino citizen can make an FOI Request. As a matter of policy, requestors are required to present proof of identification.

#### 5. What can I ask for under EO on FOI?

Information, official records, public records, and, documents and papers pertaining to official acts,

transactions or decisions, as well as to government research data used as basis for policy development.

## 6. What agencies can we ask information?

An FOI request under EO 2 can be made before all government offices under the Executive Branch, including Government-Owned or Controlled Corporations (GOCCs) and State Universities and Colleges (SUCs).

FOI requests must be sent to the specific agency of interest, to be received by its respective Receiving Officer.

## 7. How do I make an FOI request?

- a. The requestor is to fill up a request form and submits to the agency's Receiving Officer. The Receiving Officer shall validate the request and logs it accordingly on the FOI tracker.
- b. If deemed necessary, the Receiving Officer may clarify the request on the same day it was filed, such as specifying the information requested, and providing other assistance needed by the Requestor.
- c. The request is forwarded to the Decision Maker for proper assessment. The Decision Maker shall check if the agency holds the information requested, if it is already accessible, or if the request is a repeat of any previous request.
- d. The request shall be forwarded to the officials involved to locate the requested information.
- e. Once all relevant information is retrieved, officials will check if any exemptions apply, and will recommend appropriate response to the request.
- f. If necessary, the head of the agency shall provide clearance to the response.
- g. The agency shall prepare the information for release, based on the desired format of the Requestor. It shall be sent to the Requestor depending on the receipt preference.

## 8. How much does it cost to make an FOI request?

There are no fees to make a request. But the agency may charge a reasonable fee for necessary costs, including costs of printing, reproduction and/or photocopying.

## 9. What will I receive in response to an FOI request?

You will be receiving a response either granting or denying your request.

If the request is granted, the information requested will be attached, using a format that you specified. Otherwise, the agency will explain why the request was denied.

## 10. How long will it take before I get a response?

It is mandated that all replies shall be sent fifteen (15) working days after the receipt of the request. The agency will be sending a response, informing of an extension of processing period no longer than twenty (20) working days should the need arise.

## 11. What if I never get a response?

If the agency fails to provide a response within the required fifteen (15) working days, the Requestor may write an appeal letter to the FOI Appeals and Review Committee within fifteen (15) working days from the lapse of required response period. The appeal shall be decided within thirty (30) working days by the FOI Appeals and Review Committee.

If all administrative remedies are exhausted and no resolution is provided, requestors may file the appropriate case in the proper courts in accordance with the Rules of Court.

## 12. What will happen if my request is not granted?

If you are not satisfied with the response, the Requestor may write an appeal letter to the FOI Appeals and Review Committee within fifteen (15) working days from the

lapse of required response period. The appeal shall be decided within thirty (30) working days by the FOI Appeals and Review Committee.

If all administrative remedies are exhausted and no resolution is provided, requestors may file the appropriate case in the proper courts in accordance with the Rules of Court.

## ANNEX "B" EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 02



#### MALACAÑAN PALACE MANILA

## BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

## EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 02

OPERATIONALIZING IN THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH THE PEOPLE'S CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO INFORMATION AND THE STATE POLICIES OF FULL PUBLIC DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE AND PROVIDING GUIDELINES THEREFOR

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 28, Article II of the 1987 Constitution, the State adopts and implements a policy of full public disclosure of all its transactions involving public interest, subject to reasonable conditions prescribed by law;

WHEREAS, Section 7, Article III of the Constitution guarantees the right of the people to information on matters of public concern;

WHEREAS, the incorporation of this right in the Constitution is a recognition of the fundamental role of free and open exchange of information in a democracy, meant to enhance transparency and accountability in government official acts, transactions, or decisions;

WHEREAS, the Executive Branch recognizes the urgent need to operationalize these Constitutional provisions;

WHEREAS, the President, under Section 17, Article VII of the Constitution, has control over all executive departments, bureaus and offices, and the duty to ensure that the laws be faithfully executed;

WHEREAS, the Data Privacy Act of 2012 (R.A. 10173), including its Implementing Rules and Regulations, strengthens the fundamental human right of privacy and of communication while ensuring the free flow of information to promote innovation and growth;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RODRIGO ROA DUTERTE, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, do hereby order:

SECTION 1. Definition. For the purpose of this Executive Order, the following terms shall mean:

(a) "Information" shall mean any records, documents, papers, reports, letters, contracts, minutes and transcripts of official meetings, maps, books, photographs, data, research materials, films, sound and video recordings, magnetic or other tapes, electronic data, computer-stored data, or any other like or similar data or materials recorded, stored or archived in whatever format, whether offline or online, which are made, received, or kept in or under the control and custody of any government office pursuant to law, executive order, and rules and regulations or in connection with the performance or transaction of official business by any government office.

the need to do so arises, for circularization as hereinabove stated.

SECTION 5. Availability of SALN. Subject to the provisions contained in Sections 3 and 4 of this Order, all public officials are reminded of their obligation to file and make available for scrutiny their Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Net Worth (SALN) in accordance with existing laws, rules and regulations, and the spirit and letter of this Order.

**SECTION 6.** Application and Interpretation. There shall be a legal presumption in favor of access to information, public records and official records. No request for information shall be denied unless it clearly falls under any of the exceptions listed in the inventory or updated inventory of exceptions circularized by the Office of the President as provided in Section 4 hereof.

own People's FOI Manual, which shall include, among others, the following information:

- (a) The location and contact information of the head, regional, provincial, and field offices, and other established places where the public can submit requests to obtain information;
- (b) The person or officer responsible for receiving requests for information;
- (c) The procedure for the filing and processing of the request, as provided in the succeeding Section 9 of this Order;
- (d) The standard forms for the submission of requests and for the proper acknowledgment of such requests;
- (e) The process for the disposition of requests;
- (f) The procedure for administrative appeal of any denial of request for access to information; and

notify the person making the request of such extension, setting forth the reasons for the extension. In no case shall the extension go beyond twenty (20) working days counted from the end of the original period, unless exceptional circumstances warrant a longer period.

(f) Once a decision is made to grant the request, the person making the request shall be notified of such decision and directed to pay any applicable fees.

**SECTION 10. Fees.** Government offices shall not charge any fee for accepting requests for access to information. They may, however, charge a reasonable fee to reimburse necessary costs, including actual costs of reproduction and copying of the information requested, subject to existing rules and regulations. In no case shall the

records management system that facilitates easy identification, retrieval and communication of information to the public.

SECTION 15. Administrative Liability. Failure to comply with the provisions of this Order may be a ground for administrative and disciplinary sanctions against any erring public officer or employee as provided under existing laws or regulations.

**SECTION 16. Implementing Details.** All government offices in the Executive Branch are directed to formulate their respective implementing details taking into consideration their mandates and the nature of information in their custody or control, within one hundred twenty (120) days from the effectivity of this Order.

## ANNEX "C"

## DESIGNATED PERSONNEL FOR FOI IMPLEMENTATION

FOI DESIGNATION	PERSONNEL
FOI Decision Maker (FDM)	EVELYN B. GARCIA
FOI Receiving Officer (FRO)	FREDDIE B. ALCANTARA
TOT Receiving Officer (TRO)	EUMAR S. SUARILLA
	ENGR. RAMON L. CATANEO
FOI Appeals and Review Committee Members	FLORENDA B. VALENCIA
	REYNALDO G. AÑIL JR.

## ANNEX "D" LIST OF EXCEPTIONS

The following are the exceptions to the right of access to information, as recognized by the Constitution, existing laws, or jurisprudence:

- 1. Information covered by Executive privilege;
- 2. Privileged information relating to national security, defense or international relations;
- Information concerning law enforcement and protection of public and personal safety;
- 4. Information deemed confidential for the protection of the privacy of persons and certain individuals such as minors, victims of crimes, or the accused;
- 5. Information, documents or records known by reason of official capacity and are deemed as confidential, including those submitted or disclosed by entities to government agencies, tribunals, boards, or officers, in relation to the performance of their functions, or to inquiries or investigation conducted by them in the exercise of their administrative, regulatory or quasi-judicial powers;
- 6. Prejudicial premature disclosure;
- 7. Records of proceedings or information from proceedings which, pursuant to law or relevant rules and regulations, are treated a s confidential or privileged;
- 8. Matters considered confidential under banking and finance laws, and their amendatory laws; and
- 9. Other exceptions to the rights to information under laws, jurisprudence, rules and regulations.

For the implementation of the exceptions to the right of access to information, the information, the following provide the salient details and legal bases that define the extent and application of the exceptions.

- 1. Information covered by Executive privilege;
  - a. Presidential conversations, correspondences, and discussions in closeddoor Cabinet meetings; and
  - b. Matters covered by deliberative process privilege namely:
    - i. advisory opinions, recommendations and deliberations comprising part of a process by which governmental decisions and policies are formulated; intra-agency or inter-agency recommendations or communications during the stage when common assertions are still in the process of being formulated or are in the exploratory stage; or information pertaining to the decision-making of executive officials; and
    - ii. information, record or document comprising drafts of decisions, orders, rulings, policy decisions, memoranda, etc.;

- a. Information, record, or document that must be kept secret in the interest of national defense or security;
- b. Diplomatic negotiations and other information required to be kept secret in the conduct of foreign affairs; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>These exceptions only apply to governmental bodies within the control and supervision of the Executive department. Unless specifically identified, these exceptions may be invoked by all officials, officers, or employees in the Executive branch in possession of the relevant records or information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>As enumerated in the Memorandum from the Office of the Executive Secretary entitled, "Inventory of Exceptions to Executive Order No. 2 (s. 2016)", dated 24 November 2016, signed by Executive Secretary Salvador C. Medialdea.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>This exception may only be invoked by the President and his close advisors. The extent of the privilege is defined by applicable jurisprudence: Senate v. Ermita, G.R. No. 169777, 20 April 2006, 488 SCRA 1; Neri v. Senate Committee on Accountability of Public Officers and Investigations, G.R. No. 180643, 4 September 2008, 564 SCRA 152; Akbayan v. Aquino, G.R. No. 170516, 16 July 2008, 558 SCRA 468; and Chavez v. PCGG, G.R. No. 130716, 9 December 1998, 299 SCRA 744.

<sup>□</sup> Akbayan v. Aquino, supra; Chavez v. NHA, G.R. No. 164527, 15 August 2007; and Chavez v. PCGG, supra. The privilege of invoking this exception ends when the executive agency adopts a definite proposition (Department of Foreign Affair v. BCA International Corp., G.R. No. 210858, 20 July 2016)

<sup>2.</sup> Privileged information relating to national security, defense or international relations:

- c. Patent applications, the publication of which would prejudice national security and interest;
- 3. Information concerning law enforcement and protection of public and personal
  - a. Investigation records compiled for law enforcement purposes or information which if written would be contained in such records, but only to extent that production of such records or information would
    - i. interfere with enforcement proceedings;
    - ii. deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication;
    - iii. disclose the identity of a confidential source and in the case of a record compiled by a criminal law enforcement authority in the course of a criminal investigation, or by an agency conducting a lawful national security intelligence investigation, confidential information furnished only by the confidential source; or
    - iv. unjustifiably disclose investigative techniques and procedures;
  - b. Informer's privilege or the privilege of the Government not to disclose the identity of person or persons who furnish information of violations of law to officers charged with enforcement of law;
  - c. When disclosure of information would put the life and safety of an individual in imminent danger;

□Section 3(d) Rule IV, Rules Implementing the Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards for Public Officials and Employees (Rules on CCESPOE). Drafts of decisions, orders, rulings, policy decisions, memoranda and the like, such as resolutions prepared by the investigating prosecutor prior to approval for promulgation and release to parties [Revised Manual for Prosecutors of the Department of Justice (DOJ) are also covered under this category of exceptions.

Almonte v. Vasquez, G.R. 95367, 23 May 1995, 244 SCRA 286; Chavez v. PCGG, supra; Legaspi v. Civil Service Commission, L-72119, 29 May 1987, 150 SCRA 530; Chavez v. NHA, supra; Neri v. Senate, supra; Chavez v. Public Estates Authority, G.R. No. 133250, 9 July 2002, 384 SCRA 152; and Section 3(a), Rule IV, Rules on CCESPOE. This exception generally includes matters classified under Memorandum Circular (MC) No. 78, as amended by MC No. 196 as "Top Secret", "Secret," "Confidential," and "Restricted."

Akbayan v. Aquino, supra; Section 3(a) Rule IV, Rule on CCESPOE. This privilege may be invoked by the Department of Foreign Affairs and other government bodies involved in diplomatic negotiations.

The applicability of this exception is determined by the Director General of the Intellectual Property Office and subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Department of Trade and Industry. Section 44.3 of the Intellectual Property Code (RA No. 8293, as amended by RA No. 10372).

Section 3(f), Rule IV, Rules on CCESPOE; Chavez v. PCGG, supra. May be invoked by law enforcement agencies.

Section 3(b), Rule IV, Rules on CCESPOE.

d. Any information given by informants leading to the recovery of carnapped vehicles and apprehension of the persons charged with carnapping; and

- e. All proceedings involving application for admission into the Witness Protection Program and the action taken thereon;
- 4. Information deemed confidential for the protection of the privacy of persons and certain individuals such as minors, victims of crimes, or the accused. These include:
  - a. Information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, personal information or records, including sensitive personal information, birth records, school records, or medical or health records.

Sensitive personal information as defined under the Data Privacy Act of 2012 refers to personal information:

- (1) about an individual's race, ethnic origin, marital status, age, color, and religious, philosophical or political affiliations;
- (2) about an individual's health, education, genetic or sexual life of a person, or to any proceeding for any offense committed or alleged to have been committed by such person, the disposal or such proceedings, or the sentence of any court in such proceeding;

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Section 19, New Anti Carnapping Act of 2016 (RA No. 10883). May be invoked by law enforcement agencies.

Section 7, Witness Protection, Security and Benefit Act (RA No. 6981)

Section 3(e), Rule IV, Rules on CCESPOE.

Section 8 and 15, *Data Privacy Act of 2012* (RA No. 10173); Personal Information refers to any information whether recorded in a material form or not, from which the identity of an individual is apparent or can be reasonably and directly ascertained by the entity holding the information, or when put together with other information would directly and certainly identify an individual [Section 3(g), *Data Privacy Act of 2012*]; Article 26, Civil Code. May be invoked by National Privacy Commission and government personal information controllers.

Article 7, The Child and Youth Welfare Code [Presidential Decree (PD) No. 603].

Section 9(4), Education Act of 1982 [Batas Pambansa (BP) Blg. 232].

Medical and health records are considered as sensitive personal information pursuant to Section 3(I)(2), *Data Privacy Act of 2012*; See also Department of Health-Department of Science and Technology (DOST) Philippine Health Insurance Corporation Joint Administrative Order No. 2016-0002 (Privacy Guidelines for the Implementation of the Philippine Health Information Exchange).

Section 3(I), Data Privacy Act of 2012

- (3) issued by government agencies peculiar to an individual which includes, but not limited to, social security numbers, previous or current health records, licenses or its denials, suspension or revocation, and tax returns; and
- (4) specifically established by an executive order or an act of Congress to be kept classified.

However, personal information may be disclosed to the extent that the requested information is shown to be a matter of public concern or interest, shall not meddle with or disturb the private life or family relations of the individual and is not prohibited by any law or regulation. Any disclose of personal information shall be in accordance with the principles of transparency, legitimate purpose and proportionality.

Disclosure of personal information about any individual who is or was an officer or employee of a government institution shall be allowed, provided that such information relates to the position or functions of the individual, including: (1) the fact that the individual is or was an officer or employee of the government institution; (2) the title, business address and office telephone number of the individual; (3) the classification, salary range and responsibilities of the position held by the individual; and (4) the name of the individual on a document prepared by the individual on a document prepared by the individual in the course of employment with the government;

- b. Source of any news report or information appearing in newspapers, magazines or periodicals of general circulation obtained in confidence; and
- c. Records of proceedings and processes deemed confidential by law for the privacy and/or protection of certain individuals, such as children, victims of crime, witnesses to a crime or rehabilitated drug offenders, including those pertaining to the following:

   (1) records of child and family cases.
  - (2) Children in conflict with the law from initial contact until final disposition of the case;

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Article 26(2), Civil Code.

Section 11, Data Privacy Act of 2012.

Section 4, Data Privacy Act of 2012.

An Act to Exempt the Publisher, Editor or Reporter of any Publication from Revealing the Source of Published News or Information Obtained in Confidence (RA No. 53), as amended by RA No. 1477. May be invoked by government newspaper.

Section 12, Family Courts Act of 1997 (RA Act. No. 8369).

Section 43, Juvenile Justice and Welfare Act of 2006 (RA No. 9344).

- (3) a child who is a victim of any offense under the Anti-Child Pornography Act of 2009, including the name and personal circumstances of the child, or the child's immediate family, or any other information tending to establish the child's identity;
- (4) a child witness, who is a victim of crime, an accused of a crime, or a witness to a crime, including the name, address, telephone number, school, or other identifying information of a child or an immediate family of the child;
- (5) cases involving violence against women and their children, including the name,

- address, telephone number, school, business, address, employer, or other identifying information of a victim or an immediate family member;
- (6) trafficked persons, including their names and personal circumstances, or any other information tending to establish the identity of the trafficked person;
- (7) names of victims of child abuse, exploitation or discrimination;
- (8) disclosure which would result in undue and sensationalized publicity of any case involving a child in conflict with the law, child abuse, or violation of anti-trafficking of of persons;
- (9) records, documents and communications of proceedings involving domestic and inter-country adoptions, including the identity of the child, natural parents and adoptive parents;
- (10) names of students who committed acts of bullying or retaliation;
- (11) first time minor (drug) offenders under suspended sentence who comply with Applicable rules and regulations of he Dangerous Drugs Board and who are Subsequently discharged; judicial and medical records of drug dependent under the Voluntary submission program; and records of a drug dependent who was Rehabilitated and discharged from treatment and rehabilitation centers under the Compulsory submission program, or who was charged for violation of Section 15 (use

Section 13, Anti-Child Pornography Act of 2009 (RA No. 9775)

Section 31, A.M. No. 00-4-07-SC, Re: Proposed Rule on Examination of Child Witness.

Section 44, Anti-Violence Against Women and their Children Act of 2004 (RA No. 9262); and People v. Cabalquinto, G.R. No. 167693, 19 September 2006.

Section 7, Anti-Trafficking in Persons Act of 2003 (RA No. 9208), as amended by RA No. 10364.

Section 29, Special Protection of Children Against Abuse, Exploitation and Discrimination Act (RA No. 7610).

Section 14, Juvenile Justice and Welfare Act of 2006; Section 7, Anti-Trafficking in Persons Act of 2003, as Amended; and Section 29, Special Protection of Children Against Abuse, Exploitation and Discrimination Act.

Section 15, *Domestic Adoption Act of 1998* (RA No. 8552) and Section 43, IRR of RA No. 8552; Section 6 and 16(b), *Inter-Country Adoption Act of 1995* (RA No. 8043) and sections 53, 54 and 55 of IRR of RA No. 8043.

Section 3(h), Anti-Bullying Act (RA No. 10627).

of dangerous drugs) of the Comprehensive Dangerous Drugs Act of 2002, as amended; and (12) identity, status and medical records of individuals with Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), as well as results of HIV/Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) testing;

5. Information, documents or records known by reason of official capacity and are deemed as confidential, including those submitted or disclosed by entities to government agencies, tribunals, boards, or officers, in relation to the performance of their functions, or to inquiries or investigation conducted by them in the exercise of their administrative, regulatory or quasi-judicial powers, such as but not limited to the following:

- a. Trade secrets, intellectual property, business, commercial, financial and other proprietary information;
- b. Data furnished to statistical inquiries, surveys and censuses of the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA)
- Records and reports submitted to the Social Security System by the employer or member;
- d. Information gathered from HIV/AIDS contact tracing and all other related health intelligence activities;
- e. Confidential information submitted to the Philippine Competition Commission prohibited from disclosure by law, including the identity of the person who provided the information under condition of anonymity;
- f. Applications and supporting documents filed pursuant to the Omnibus Investments Code of 1987;
- q. Documents submitted through the Government Electronic Procurement System;

Sections 60, 64 and 67, Comprehensive Dangerous Drugs Act of 2002(RA No. 9165).

Sections 2(b), 18, 30, and 32, Philippine AIDS Prevention and Control Act of 1998 (RA No. 8504).

Sections 45, 106.1, and 150.2, The Intellectual Property Code (RA No. 8293, as amended by RA No. 10372); Section 66.2, Securities Regulation Code (RA No. 8799); DOST Administrative Order No. 004-16; Section 142, The Corporation Code (BP Blg.68); Section 34, Philippine Competition Act (RA No.10667) Sections 23 and 27(c) The New Central Bank Act(RA No. 7653); Anti-Money Laundering Act (RA No.9160); Section 18, Strategic Trade Management Act(RA No.10697); Section 10 and 14, Safeguard Measures Act (RA No.8800); Section 12, Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Wastes Control Act of 1990 (RA No.6969); Article 290, Revised Penal Code; Section 10.10 Rule 10, 2012 Revised IRR of Build-Operate-Transfer Law (RA No.6957) and Revised Philippine Ports Authority Manual of Corporate Governance.

Section 26, *Philippines Statistical act of 2013*(RA No.10625) and Section 4, *Commonwealth Act No. 591*. May be invoked only by the PSA. 38 Section 24(c) Social Security Act of 1997(RA No. 1161, as amended by RA No. 8282).

Section 29, Philippines AIDS Prevention and Control Act of 1998 (RA No. 8504). Section 34, Philippine Competition Act (PCA) RA No. 10667 and Section 13, Rule 4 of the IRR of PCA. This Exception can be invoked by the Philippine Competition Commission subject to well-defined limitations under the PCA.

Section 81, EO No. 226 (s. 1987), as amended.

Section 9, Government Procurement Reform Act (RA No. 9184).

- h. Information obtain from accessing any electronic key, electronic data message, or electronic document, book, register, correspondence, information or other material pursuant to any powers conferred under the Electronic Commerce Act of 2000;
- Any confidential information supplied by the contractors in mineral agreements, and financial or technical assistance agreements pursuant to the Philippine Mining Act of 1995 and its implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR), during the term of the project to which it relates;

- J. Information received by the Department of Tourism (DOT) in relation to the accreditation of accommodation establishment (such as hotels and resorts) and travel and tour agencies;
- k. The fact that a covered transaction report to the Anti-Money Laundering Council (AMLC) has been made, the contents thereof, or any information in relation thereto;
- I. Information submitted to the Tariff Commission which is by nature confidential or submitted on a confidential basis;
- m. Certain information and reports submitted to the Insurance Commissioner pursuant to the Insurance code;
- n. Information on registered cultural properties owned by private individuals;
- o. Data submitted by a higher education institution to the Commission on Higher Education (CHED); and
- Any secret, valuable or proprietary information of a confidential character known to a public officer, or secrets of private individuals;

Section 32, Electronic Commence Act of 2000 (RA No. 8792)

Section 94(f), Philippine Mining Act of 1995 (RA No. 7942).

Section 1, Rule IX, DOT MC No. 2010-02 (Rules and Regulations to Govern, the Accreditation of Accommodation Establishments – Hotels, Resorts and Apartment Hotels); and Section 23, DOT MC No. 2015-06 (Revised Rules and Regulations to Govern the Accreditation of Travel and Tour Agencies).

Section 9(c), Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2001, as amended. May be invoked by AMLC, government banks and its officers and employees.

Section 10, Safeguard Measures Act.

Section 297 in relation with Section 295 and Section 356, The Insurance Code (as amender by RA No. 10607).

Section 14, National Cultural Heritage Act of 2009(RA No. 10066).

CHED Memorandum Order No. 015-13, 28 May 2013.

Articles 229 and 230, Revised Penal Code; Section 3(k), *Anti-Graft and Corrupt Practices Act* (RA No. 3019); Section 7(c), Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards for Public Officials and Employees (RA No. 6713); Section 7, *Exchange of Information on Tax Matters Act of 2009* (RA No. 10021); and Section 6.2, Securities Regulation Code (RA No. 8799)

- 6. Information of which a premature disclosure would:
  - a. in the case of a department, office or agency which agency regulates currencies, securities, commodities, or financial institutions, be likely to lead to significant financial speculation in currencies, securities, or commodities, or significantly endanger the stability of any financial institution; or
  - b. be likely or significantly frustrate implementation of a proposed official action, expect such department, office or agency has already disclosed to the public the content or nature of its proposed action, or where the department, office or agency is required by law to make such disclosure on its own initiative prior to taking final official action on such proposal.

- 7. Records of proceedings or information from proceedings which, pursuant to law or relevant Rules and regulations, are treated as confidential or privileged, including but not limited to The following:
  - Mediation and domestic or international arbitration proceedings, including records, Evidence and the arbitral awards, pursuant to the Alternative Dispute Resolution Act of 2004.
  - b. Matters involved in an Investor-State mediation;
  - c. Information and statements made at conciliation proceedings under the Labor Code;
  - d. Arbitration proceedings before the Construction Industry Arbitration Commission (CIAC);
  - e. Results of examinations made by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on the operations, books and records of any corporation, and all interrogatories propounded by it and the answers thereto;
  - f. Information related to investigations which are deemed confidential under the Securities Regulations Code;
  - g. All proceedings prior to the issuance of a cease and desist order against preneed companies by the Insurance Commission;

Section 3(q), Rule IV, Rule on CCESPOE.

Section 9, 23 and 33, Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Act of 2004 (RA No. 9285); and DOJ Circular No. 98 (s. 2009) or the IRR of the ADR Act.

Article 10, International Bar Association Rules for Investor-State Mediation.

Article 237, Labor Code.

Section 7.1, Rule 7, CIAC Revised Rules of Procedure Governing Construction Arbitration.

Section 142, Corporation Code. May be invoked by the SEC and any other official authorized by law to make such examination.

Sections 13.4, 15.4, 29.2 (b), and 64.2 of the Securities Regulation Code.

Section 53(b)(1) of the Pre-Need Code of the Philippines. The confidentiality of the proceedings is lifted after the issuance of the cease and desist order.

- h. Information related to the assignment of the cases to the reviewing prosecutors or the undersecretaries in cases involving violations of the Comprehensive Dangerous Drugs Act of 2002;
- i. Investigation report and the supervision history of a probationer;
- j. Those matters classified as confidential under the Human Security Act of 2007;
- k. Preliminary investigation proceedings before the committee on decorum and investigation of government agencies; and

- I. Those information deemed confidential or privileged pursuant to pertinent rules and regulations issued by the Supreme Court, such as information on disbarment proceedings DNA profiles and results, or those ordered by courts to be kept confidential;
- 8. Matters considered confidential under banking and finance laws and their amendatory laws, such as:
  - a. RA No. 1405 (Law on Secrecy of Bank Deposits);
  - b. RA No. 6426 (Foreign Currency Deposit Act of the Philippines) and relevant regulations;
  - c. RA No. 8791 (The General Banking Law of 2000);
  - d. RA No. 9160 (Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2001); and
  - e. RA No. 9510 (Credit Information System Act);
- 9. Other exceptions to the right to information under laws, jurisprudence, rules and regulations such as:
  - a. Those deemed confidential pursuant to treaties, executive agreements, other International agreements, or international proceedings, such as;
    - When the disclosure would prejudice legitimate commercial interest or competitive Position of investor-states pursuant to investment agreements;

DOJ Department Circular No. 006-16(No.6), 10 February 2016.

Section 17, Probation Law of 1976 [PD No. 968 (s.1976)].

Sections 9, 13, 14, 29, 33 and 34, Human Security Act of 2007 (RA No. 9372)

Section 14, Civil Service Commission Resolution No. 01-0940.

Section 18, Rule 139-B and Section 24, Rule 130 of the Rules of Court; and Section 11 of the Rule on DNA Evidence, A.M. No. 06-11-5-SC.

Examples: Article 20 (2), ASEAN Comprehensive Investment Agreement; Article 15 (2) Agreement on Investment under the Framework Agreement on the Comprehensive Economic Cooperation between the ASEAN and the Republic of India; and Article 15 (2) of the Agreement on Investment under the Framework Agreement on the Comprehensive Economic Cooperation among the Government of the Member Countries of the ASEAN and the Republic of Korea.

- (2) Those deemed confidential or protected information pursuant to United Nations Commission on International Trade Law Rules on Transparency in Treaty-based Investor-State Arbitration and Arbitration Rules (UNCITRAL Transparency Rules); And
- (3) Refugee proceedings and documents under the 1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees, as implemented by DOJ Circular No. 58 (s. 2012);
- b. Testimony from a government official, unless pursuant to a court of legal order;
- c. When the purpose for the request of Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Net Worth is any of the following:

- (1) any purpose contrary to morals or public policy; or
- (2) any commercial purpose other than by news and communications media for Dissemination to the general public;
- d. Lists, abstracts, summaries of information requested when such lists, abstracts or summaries are not part of the duties of the government office requested;
- e. Those information and proceedings deemed confidential under rules and regulations issued by relevant government agencies or as decided by the courts;
- Requested information pertains to comments and disclosures on pending cases in judicial proceedings;
- g. Attorney-client privilege existing between government lawyers and their client.

Article 7, UNCITRAL Transparency Rules.

Senate v. Neri, supra; Senate v. Ermita, supra.

Section 8(D), Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards for Public Officials and Employees.

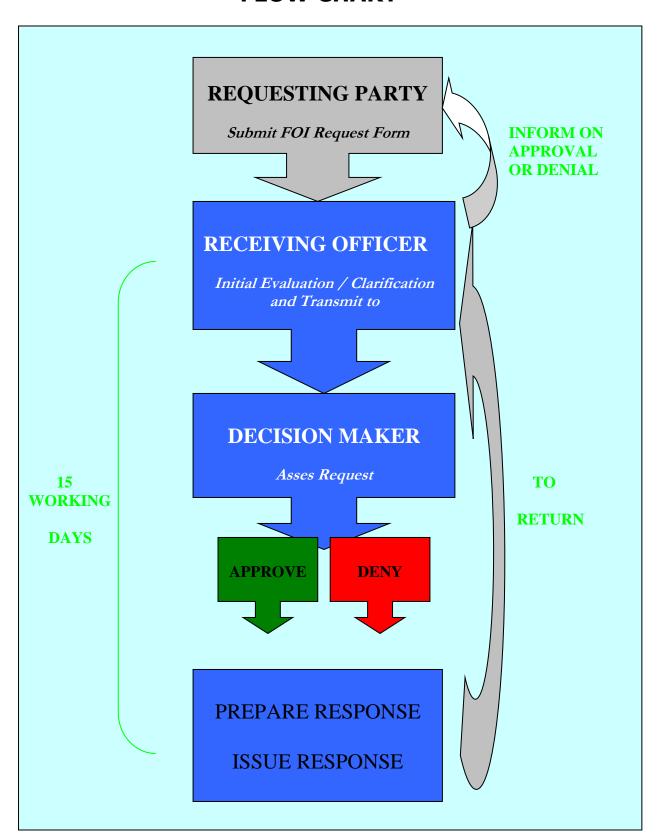
Belgica v. Ochoa, G.R. No. 208566, 19 November 2013; and Valmonte v. Belmonte Jr., G.R. No. 74930, 13 February 1989, 252 Phil. 264.

Examples: 2012 Guidelines and Procedures in the Investigation and Monitoring of Human Rights Violations and Abuses and the Provision of CHR Assistance; Government Service Insurance System's Rules of Procedure of the Committee on Claims; National Labor Relations Commission Resolution No. 01-02, Amending Certain Provisions of the New Rules of Procedure of the National Labor Relations Commission, 08 March 2002; Department of Agrarian Reform MC No. 07-11, 19 July 2011; Department of Social Welfare and Development MC No. 021-12, 16 October 2012; and Section 42, *Investment Company Act* (RA No. 2629); When the information requested is not a matter of public concern or interest as decided in *Hilado v. Judge Amor A. Reyes*, G.R. No. 163155, 21 July 2006.

Romero v. Guerzon, G.R. No. 211816, 18 March 2015.

Canon 21 of the Code of Professional Responsibility.

## ANNEX "E" FLOW CHART



## ANNEX "F"

## **FOI REQUEST FORM**



#### FREEDOM OF INFORMATION REQUEST FORM

IMPORTANT - Please read this information carefully before you complete the FOI request form. Once you have completed your request, we **strongly advise** that you keep a copy for your records.

#### What is Executive Order No.2 s. 2016?

On July 23, 2016, President Rodrigo Roa Duterte signed Executive Order No. 2, also known as the Freedom of Information (FOI) Executive Order (EO). It upholds the constitutional right of people to information on matters of public concern.

The Executive Order covers all government offices under the Executive Branch, including government-owned or controlled corporations (GOCCs) and state universities and colleges (SUCs). It requires all executive departments, agencies, bureaus, and offices to make public records, contracts, transactions and any information requested by a member of the public, except for sensitive information and matters affecting national security.

#### What is Freedom of Information?

The FOI EO is an important enabling mechanism to promote transparency in the government's administrative process. Through FOI, citizens are empowered to make a formal request to get information held by the government, barring certain sensitive and important data related to the nation's security. The FOI complements continuing proactive information disclosure efforts where agencies are duty-bound to publish information in the spirit of openness and transparency.

Freedom of Information is an integral element of President Duterte's Good Governance Plan aligned to reforms and initiatives that pursue greater transparency, accountability, and citizen participation in governance.

## Who is overseeing the implementation of FOI Executive Order No. 2?

The Presidential Communications Operations Office (PCOO) is over-seeing the implementation and operationalization of the FOI program. PCOO is also responsible for monitoring compliance and performance of all government agencies.

### MAKING AN FOI REQUEST -

#### Who can make an FOI request?

Under the FOI EO, any Filipino citizen can make an FOI request. As a matter of policy, requesting parties are required to present proof of identification (e.g., passport, driver's license, SSS ID, voters ID) in the submission of an FOI request.

## Which agencies can I request information from?

An FOI request can be made to any government office under the Executive Branch, including but not limited to the national government and all its offices, departments, bureaus, offices, and instrumentalities, including government-owned or controlled corporations, and state universities and colleges.

## What information can I request for through FOI?

Information, official records, public records, documents, and papers pertaining to official acts, transactions or decisions, as well as to government research data used as basis for policy development, subject to exceptions necessary to protect essential public or pri-

## Is there an online alternative to making an FOI request?

You may choose to fill out an online application on foi.gov.ph after signing up for an account. You will also need to upload a valid copy of your government-issued ID upon registration.

## What is the procedure for making a valid FOI request? To make a valid request, you must:

- Place your request in writing. Ensure to state your full name, contact information and provide a valid copy of your govern ment-issued ID as proof of your identity. You can use the attached form or send a letter detailing your request submitted directly to the concerned agency or by email;
- · Describe in detail the documents you wish to access; and
- Include the preferred mode of communication in order to be alerted about the status of your request, as well the preferred mode of receiving the documents, should your request be granted.

## FEES -

#### How much does it cost to make an FOI request?

There are **NO FEES** for making an FOI request. An agency however, may charge a reasonable fee for necessary costs associated with processing a request - including costs of printing, delivery, reproduction and/or photocopying.

NOTE: Use of this FOI request form is optional. Any written format for a Freedom of Information request is acceptable.

- FREEDOM OF INFORMATION -

## PROCESSING TIMES -

## When can I expect to receive a response to an FOI request?

Under the FOI EO, the standard processing time is fifteen (15) working days. During this time, you will be contacted regarding your FOI request through your preferred mode of communication.

If your request is granted, you can expect to receive the documents either through regular mail or email, or be requested to collect the documents at the office you had applied to. Otherwise, the agency will explain why your request is delayed or denied.

## Can an agency request for a time extension?

In some cases, an agency may need more time to review your request and thereby inform you of an extension of processing period. Under such circumstances, an agency is permitted to extend an additional twenty (20) working days should the need arise.

#### Can I have my request expedited?

There is no process by which requests can be expedited. All requests will be reviewed equally on a case-by-case basis and allotted the fifteen (15) working day processing period from the time of receipt.

## — COMPLAINTS HANDLING —

#### What if you are not happy with how the agency has handled your request?

Denial of any request for access to information may be appealed to the person or office next higher in the authority, following the procedure indicated in the Agency FOI Manual; provided that the written appeal must be filed by the same person making the request within fifteen (15) calendar days from the notice of denial or from the lapse of the relevant period to respond to the request.

The appeal will be decided by the person or office next higher in authority within thirty (30) working days from the filing of said written appeal. Failure of such person or office to decide within the afore-stated period shall be deemed a denial of the appeal.

Upon exhaustion of administrative appeal remedies, the requesting party may file the appropriate case in the proper courts in accordance with the Rules of Court.

## - IMPORTANT INFORMATION -

#### Privacy

Once deemed valid, your information from your application will be used by the agency you have applied to, to deal with your application as set out in the Freedom of Information Executive Order No. 2.

If the agency gives you access to a document, and if the document contains no personal information about you, the document may be published online in the Agency's disclosure log, along with your name and the date you applied, and, if another person, company or body will use or benefit from the documents sought, the name of that person, entity or body.

#### Copyright

According to Sec. 176.1 of the Intellectual Property Code of the Philippines (RA No. 8293, as amended), No copyright shall subsist in any work of the Government of the Philippines. However, prior approval of the government agency or office wherein the work is created shall be necessary for exploitation of such work for profit. Such agency or office may, among other things, impose as a condition the payment of royalties. No prior approval or conditions shall be required for the use of any purpose of statutes, rules and regulations, and speeches, lectures, sermons, addresses, and dissertations, pronounced, read or rendered in courts of justice, before administrative agencies, in deliberative assemblies and in meetings



## FREEDOM OF INFORMATION REQUEST FORM

(Pursuant to Executive Order No. 2,s. 2016) (as of November 2016)

Please read the following information carefully before proceeding with your application. Use blue or black ink. Write neatly and in BLOCK letters. Improper or incorrectly-filled out forms will not be acted upon. Tick or mark boxes with "X" where necessary. Note:  $(\blacktriangleleft)$  denotes a MANDATORY field.

You are required to supply your na nelp us deal with your application						letails will
1. Title (e.g. Mr, Mrs, Ms, Miss)	2. Given Na	Given Name/s (including M.I)		3.	Surname	
	4			<u> </u>		
4. Complete Address (Apt/House				vince)		
4	6. Mobile			7	Email	
5. Landinie/Tax	6. Mobile			7. Email		
0	4				-	
8. Preferred Mode of Communic		request is su			il $\square$ Postal Add	
9. Preferred Mode of Reply	☐ Ema	il 🗆 Fax	☐ Postal A	Address	☐ Pick-Up at A	gency
10. Type of ID Given (Please ensu	re 🗆 Pass	port 🗖 Dri	ver's License	sss	ID Postal ID	□Voter's I
your IDs contain your photo and signature)	Scho	ol ID 🗆 Co	mpany ID [	Others		
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11. Agency - Connecting Agence (if applicable)  12. Title of Document/Record Requested (Please be as detailed at possible)  13. Date or Period (DD/MM/YY)	<b>-</b>					
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11. Agency - Connecting Agence (if applicable)  12. Title of Document/Record Requested (Please be as detailed at possible)  13. Date or Period (DD/MM/YY)	<b>4</b>					
11. Agency - Connecting Agence (if applicable)  12. Title of Document/Record Requested (Please be as detailed a possible)  13. Date or Period (DD/MM/YY)  14. Purpose	<b>4</b>					

— FREEDOM OF INFORMATION —

## C. Declaration

**Privacy Notice:** Once deemed valid, your information from your application will be used by the agency you have applied to, to deal with your application as set out in the Freedom of Information Executive Order No. 2. If the Department or Agency gives you access to a document, and if the document contains no personal information about you, the document will be published online in the Department's or Agency's disclosure log, along with your name and the date you applied, and, if another person, company or body will use or benefit from the documents sought, the name of that person, entity or body.

I declare that:

- · The information provided in the form is complete and correct;
- · I have read the Privacy notice;
- · I have presented at least one (1) government-issued ID to establish proof of my identity

I understand that it is an offense to give misleading information about my identity, and that doing so may result in a decision to refuse to process my application.

Signature	<b>.</b>
Date Accomplished (DD/MM/YYYY)	4

Name (Print name)	◀
Agency - Connecting Agency (if applicable, otherwise N/A)	<b>-</b>
Date entered on eFOI (if applicable, otherwise N/A)	<b>◄</b>
<b>Proof of ID Presented</b> (Photocopies of original should be attached)	☐ Passport ☐ Driver's License ☐ SSS ID ☐ Postal ID ☐ Voter's ID☐ School ID ☐ Company ID ☐ Others
The request is recommended to be:	Approved Denied
If Denied, please tick the Reason for the Denial	☐ Invalid Request ☐ Incomplete ☐ Data already available online
Second Receiving Officer Assigned (print name)	<b>4</b>
Decision Maker Assigned to Application (print name)	<u> </u>
Decision on Application	☐ Successful ☐ Partially Successful ☐ Denied ☐ Cost
If Denied, please tick the Reason for the Denial	☐ Invalid Request ☐ Incomplete ☐ Data already available online ☐ Exception Which Exception?
Date Request Finished (DD/MM/YYYY)	<b></b>
Date Documents (if any) Sent (DD/MM/YYYY)	•
FOI Registry Accomplished	☐ Yes ☐ No
RO Signature	◀
Date (DD/MM/YYYY)	4

- FREEDOM OF INFORMATION -